ICANN 75 KUALA LUMPUR

Digital Identity &

Emerging Identifier Technologies

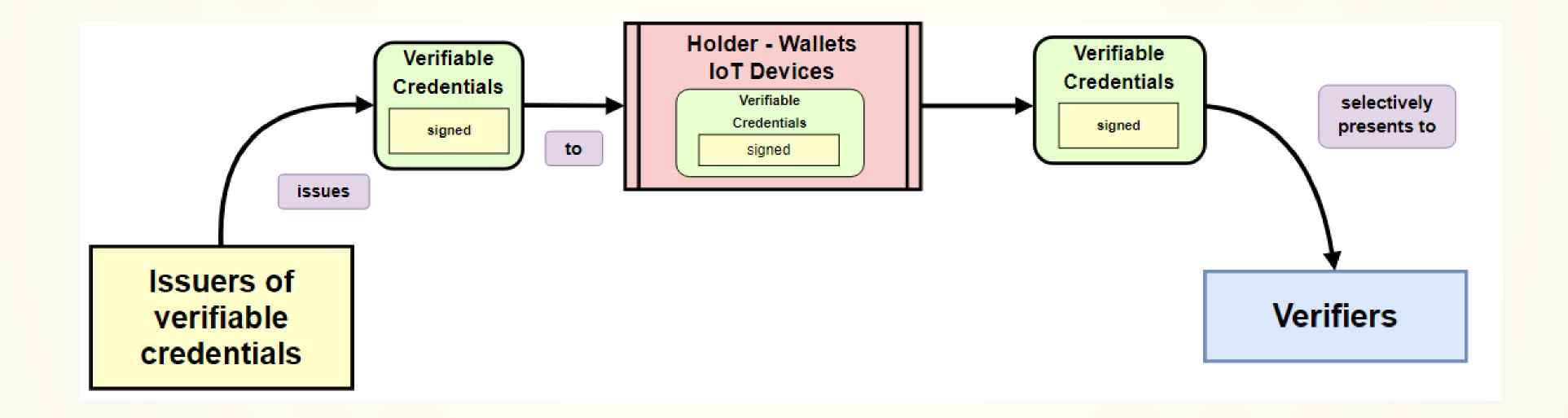
September 21, 2022

Presented By
Jacques Latour
Chief Technology and Security Officer
Canadian Internet Registration Authority



DIGITAL IDENTITY AND VERIFIABLE CREDENTIALS

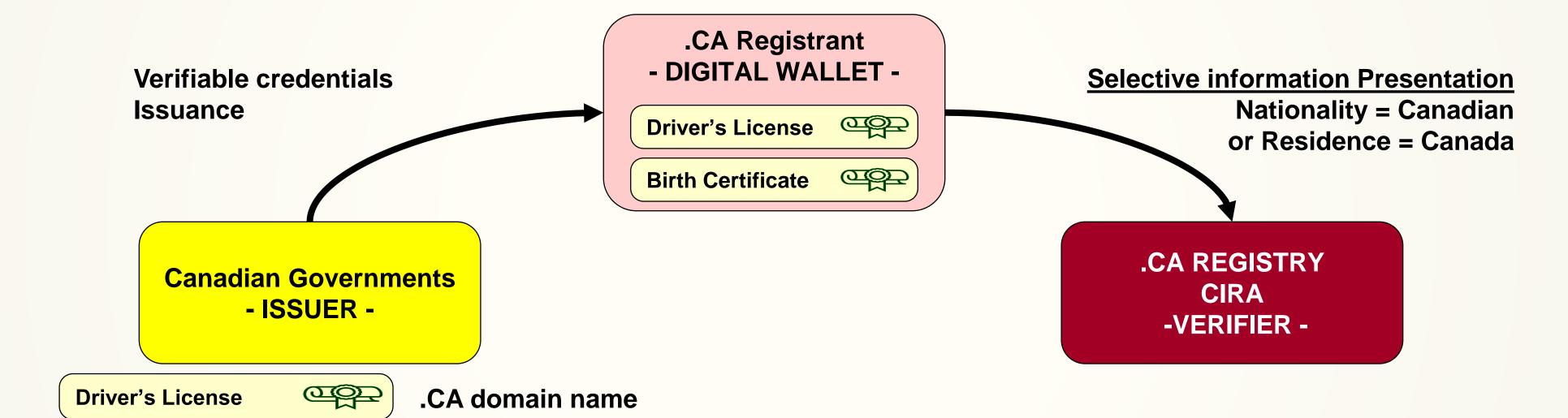
Verifiable Credentials, from a driver's license to a university diploma





LET'S LOOK AT A REALISTIC USE CASE (IN THE NEAR FUTURE)

CIRA - Canadian Presence Requirement Verification Process



Personal Information Collection:

- We only need to know they are Canadian or live in Canada
- We don't want full copies of their credentials, no additional personal information like Date of Birth



Birth Certificate

Passport

<u>a</u>

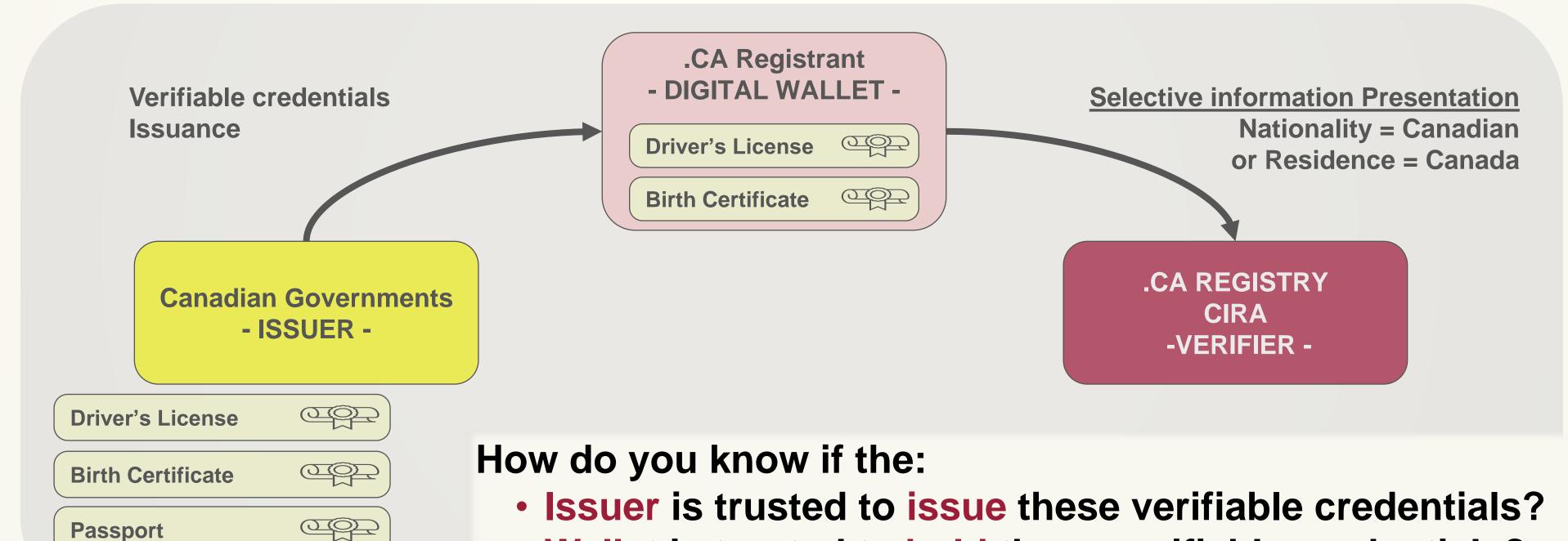
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.CA domain name

.CA domain name

LET'S LOOK AT A REALISTIC USE CASE (IN THE NEAR FUTURE)

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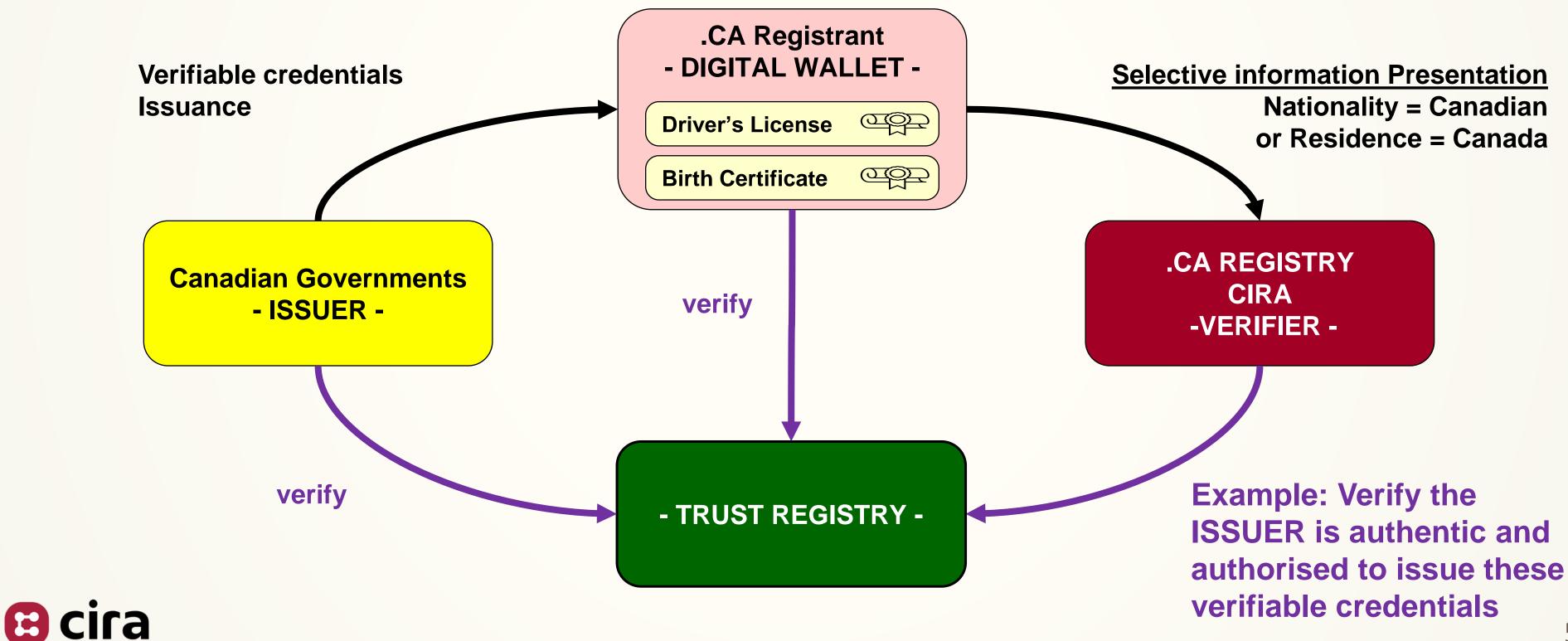




- Wallet is trusted to hold these verifiable credentials?
- Verifier is trusted to view these verifiable credentials?

TRUST REGISTRY

A key component of the digital identity ecosystem



DEFINITION OF A TRUST REGISTRY

Also known as a Member Directory, Repository or Trust Hubs

It's a network service that enables the governing authority for an ecosystem governance framework (EGF) to specify what governed parties are authorized to perform what actions under the EGF*

Trust Registry:

(i.e. Ecosystem: Academia - Canadian Universities)

Defined Scope

- (i.e Canadian University Certificate/Diplomas as Verifiable Credentials)
- - Governing Authority (i.e. Canadian Universities Association)
- **Governance Model**
- (i.e. All accredited Certificate/Diplomas Canadian Universities)



TRUST REGISTRY

We're going to have 100s of Trust Registries just in Canada...

Canadian Academia - TRUST REGISTRY -

Canadian Bar
Association
- TRUST REGISTRY -

Canadian Fishing
Association
- TRUST REGISTRY -

Canadian
Certified Electricians
- TRUST REGISTRY -

Canadian
Health Card
- TRUST REGISTRY -

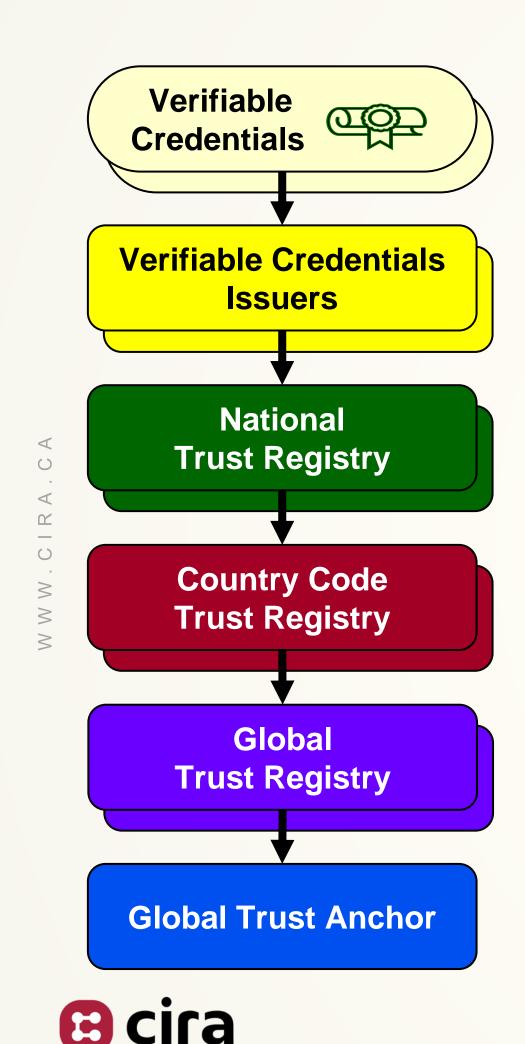
Canadian
Certified Electricians
- TRUST REGISTRY -

Canadian
Medical Association
- TRUST REGISTRY -

Canadian
Colleges
- TRUST REGISTRY -

Canadian Fundamental Verifiable Credentials - TRUST REGISTRY -





EMERGING IDENTIFIERS TECHNOLOGIES

Unique "Digital Identity" identifiers and global interoperability

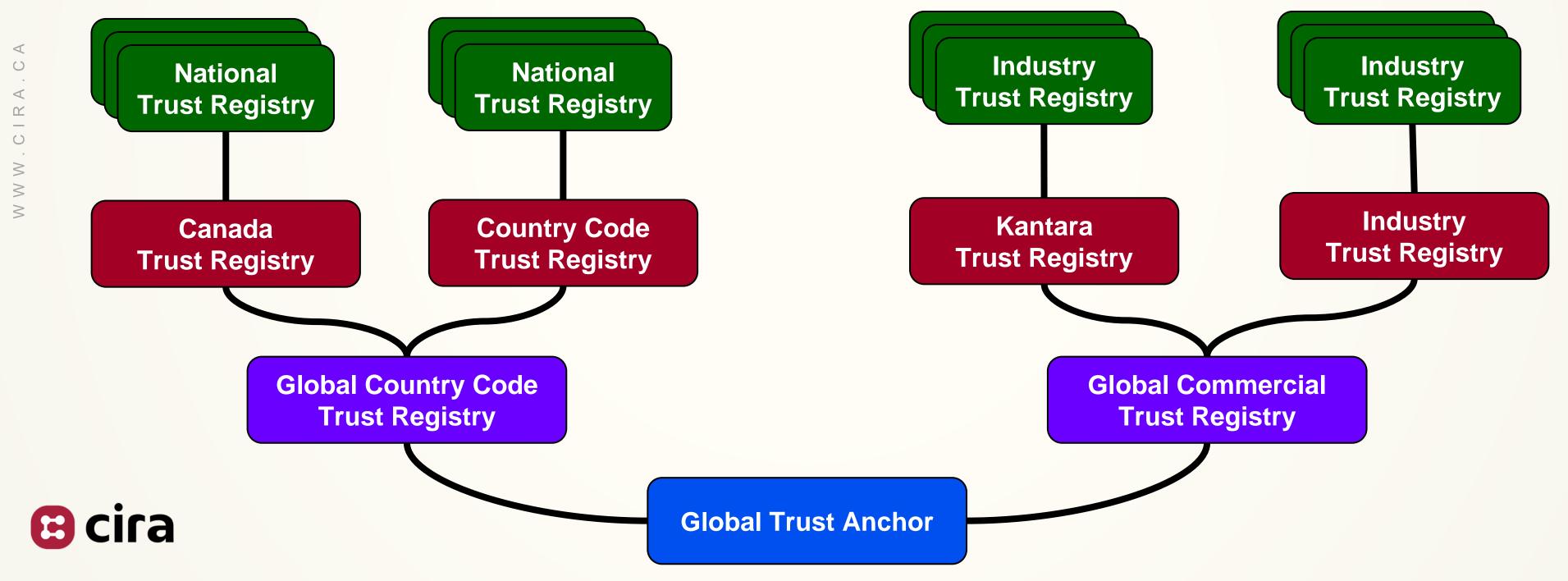
Now is the time to think on having:

- A global interoperable identifier structure
- Global unique identifiers for verifiable credentials
- DNS could be used for the fundamental VC issuers
 - National ID, Driver's License, Passport, Health Card
- Leverage DNSSEC to verify the authenticity verifiable credentials since they have unique DNS domain name

EMERGING IDENTIFIERS TECHNOLOGIES

This is how we see the future ©

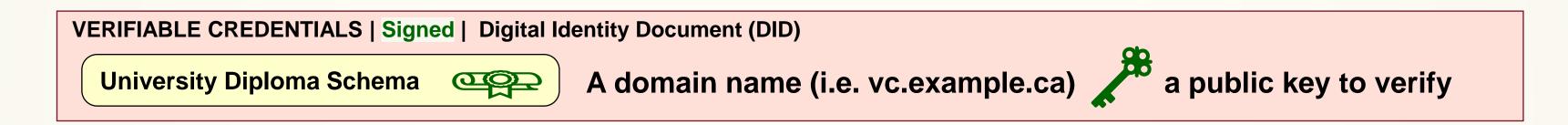
Leverage the current DNS unique identifier infrastructure!



LEVERAGE DNS & DNSSEC FOR DIGITAL IDENTITY

Ensure Digital Identity Unique Identifiers by using the DNS

Verifiable Credentials include a Digital Identity Documents (DID) cryptographically signed by the issuer and linked to a Domain Name



Need to develop mechanisms in the DNS and DNSSEC to:

- Find the Trust Registry associated to a verifiable credential issuer
- Find if the issuer is registered with a Trust Registry
- Find Digital Identity Document (DID) details from a domain name







https://www.cira.ca



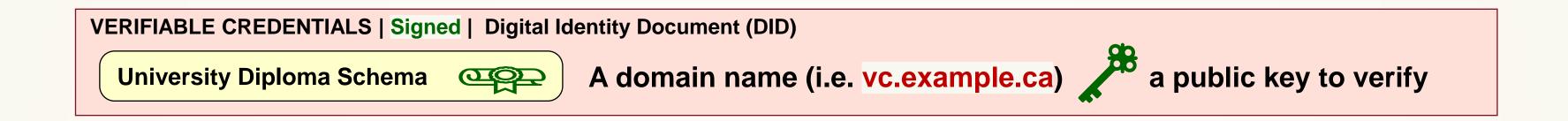


Supporting Technical Slides For Reference



VERIFYING THE ISSUER AUTHENTICITY

Using DANE TLSA to verify the authenticity the Issuer



- The public key can be extracted from DNS TLSA queries to verify the authenticity of the verifiable credential issuer
 - PKIX-TA | CERT | FULL = 0 0 0
 - vc.example.ca TLSA (0 0 0) Signer Public Key Certificate







VERIFYING THE ISSUERS TRUST RELATIONSHIP - STEP 1

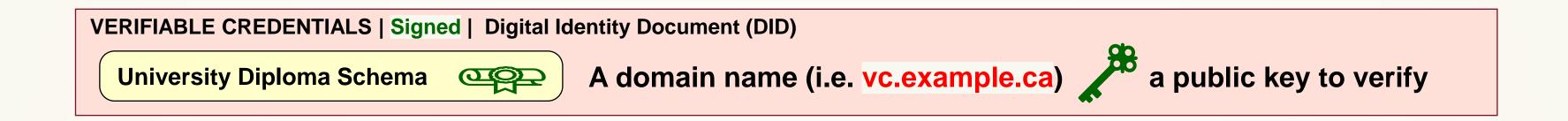
Identifying the Trust Registry the Issuer is affiliated with

- Proposing a method for an issuer, a verifier or another trust registry to prove their trust registry affiliation via the DNS
 - <TR> RRTYPE (urg, another...)
- Example:
 - vc.example.ca TR trust-registry.ca
 - vc.example.ca TR academia-trust-registry.ca
 - trust-registry.ca TR global-country-code-trust-registry.org



VERIFYING THE ISSUERS TRUST RELATIONSHIP - STEP 2

Determining if the Issuer is registered with a Trust Registry



- Proposing a method to verify if an issuer, a verifier or another trust registry is registered with a trust registry via the DNS
 - <_trustregistry> label (yes, just a label !! :-)
- Examples:

vc.example.ca._trustregistry.trust-registry.ca TLSA (0 0 1) <- hash of public key vc.example.ca._trustregistry.academia-trust-registry.ca TLSA (0 0 1)



PROPOSAL FOR GLOBAL CHAIN OF TRUST FOR TRUST REGISTRIES

From a verifiable credential, you can find the issuer and associated trust registries all the way to a Trust Registry trust anchor in the root zone

```
vc.example.ca. TLSA( 0 0 0 ) signer Public Key
                                             vc.example.ca. TR
                                                                         trust-registry.ca
                                         trust-registry.ca. TLSA( 0 0 0 ) signer Public Key
            vc.example.ca. trustregistry.trust-registry.ca. TLSA( 0 0 1 ) hash of Signer Public Key
                                         trust-registry.ca. TR
                                                                          global-trust-registry.org
                                 global-trust-registry.org. TLSA( 0 0 0 ) signer Public Key
trust-registry.ca. trustregistry.global-trust-registry.org. TLSA (0 0 1 ) hash of Signer Public Key
                   global-trust-registry.org trustregistry. TLSA (0 0 1 ) hash of Signer Public Key
                    This would be a root zone trust anchor for a global trust registry
```

